Investor Update

March 2023











Notice to Investors

Certain statements in this presentation contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 including, without limitation, expectations, beliefs, plans, and objectives regarding anticipated financial and operating results, asset divestitures, estimated reserves, drilling locations, capital expenditures, price estimates, typical well results and well profiles, type curve, and production and operating expense guidance included in this presentation. Any matters that are not historical facts are forward looking and, accordingly, involve estimates, assumptions, risks, and uncertainties, including, without limitation, risks, uncertainties, and other factors discussed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K, recently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, recently filed Current Reports on Form 8-K available on our website, www.apacorp.com, and in our other public filings and press releases. These forward-looking statements are based on APA Corporation's (APA) current expectations, estimates, and projections about the company, its industry, its management's beliefs, and certain assumptions made by management. No assurance can be given that such expectations, estimates, or projections will prove to have been correct. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the projections, anticipated results, or other expectations expressed in this presentation, including the company's ability to meet its production targets, successfully manage its capital expenditures and to complete, test, and produce the wells and prospects identified in this presentation, to successfully plan, secure necessary government approvals, finance, build, and operate the necessary infrastructure, and to achieve its production and budget expectations on its projects.

Whenever possible, these "forward-looking statements" are identified by words such as "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "seeks," "believes," "continues," "could," "estimates," "expects," "goals," "guidance," "may," "might," "outlook," "possible," "potential," "projects," "prospects," "should," "would," "will," and similar phrases, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. Because such statements involve risks and uncertainties, the company's actual results and performance may differ materially from the results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. Unless legally required, we assume no duty to update these statements as of any future date. However, you should review carefully reports and documents that the company files periodically with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Cautionary Note to Investors: The United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) permits oil and gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only proved, probable, and possible reserves that meet the SEC's definitions for such terms. We may use certain terms in this presentation, such as "resource," "net resource potential," "potential resource," "resource base," "identified resources," "optential resource," "net resources," "net resources," "inventory," "upside," and other similar terms that the SEC guidelines strictly prohibit us from including in filings with the SEC. Such terms do not take into account the certainty of resource recovery, which is contingent on exploration success, technical improvements in drilling access, commerciality, and other factors, and are therefore not indicative of expected future resource recovery and should not be relied upon. Investors are urged to consider carefully the disclosure in APA Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 available at <u>www.apacorp.com</u> or by writing at: 2000 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 100, Houston, Texas 77056 (Attn: Corporate Secretary). You can also obtain this report from the SEC by calling 1-800-SEC-0330 or from the SEC's website at <u>www.sec.gov</u>.

Certain information may be provided in this presentation that includes financial measurements that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These non-GAAP measures should not be considered as alternatives to GAAP measures, such as net income, total debt or net cash provided by operating activities, and may be calculated differently from, and therefore may not be comparable to, similarly titled measures used at other companies. For a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, please refer to APA's fourth quarter 2022 earnings release at www.apacorp.com and "Non-GAAP Reconciliations" of this presentation.

None of the information contained in this document has been audited by any independent auditor. This presentation is prepared as a convenience for securities analysts and investors and may be useful as a reference tool. We may elect to modify the format or discontinue publication at any time, without notice to securities analysts or investors.



APA Corporation Strategy



- Prioritize long-term, full-cycle returns through capital allocation
- Invest to sustain/slightly grow global production from pre-pandemic levels
- Focused on immediate and actionable ESG opportunities most relevant to our industry and APA



- Return a minimum of 60% of Free Cash Flow to shareholders through a competitive base dividend and share repurchases
- Aggressively manage cost structure
- Continue to strengthen the balance sheet & achieve investment grade credit rating among multiple rating agencies



- Diversify risk through a balanced commodity profile and geographic pricing points
- Maintain flexibility to re-allocate capital within portfolio in response to commodity price opportunity
- Retain capability to build inventory through exploration or acquire & exploit



2022 Highlights

Financial	 Generated ~\$2.5 billion of Free Cash Flow (FCF)⁽¹⁾; 2nd highest in APA's 68-year history Returned ~\$1.6 billion (66% of FCF) to APA shareholders through share buybacks & dividends Reduced outstanding shares by 10% and doubled annual dividend Reduced Net Debt^(1,2) by \$1.5 billion; eliminated > 20% of outstanding bond debt
Portfolio	 Increased drilling & completion activity to a level capable of delivering sustainable production growth Successfully integrated Delaware Basin tuck-in acquisition Advanced appraisal programs at Sapakara & Krabdagu with 3 successful flow tests on Block 58 offshore Suriname; announced first discovery on Block 53 at Baja
ESG	 Achieved 2022 ESG goals Reduced routine upstream flaring by more than 40% in Egypt ahead of schedule Outperformed safety targets (TRIR, DART, SIF, VIR)⁽³⁾ Established supplier diversity program & met commitment for Tier 1 spend by category reporting Delivering projects that can eliminate at least 1 million tonnes of CO₂e emissions annually by year-end 2024

(3) Total Recordable Incident Rate (TRIR); Days Away, Restricted or Transferred (DART); Severe Injury and Fatality Rate (SIF); Vehicle Incident Rate (VIR).



2023 Plan Overview



- Upstream capital investment⁽¹⁾ of \$2.0 \$2.1 billion
 57% U.S. / 36% Int'l / 7% Exploration
- Year-over-year adjusted oil production growth of >10%⁽²⁾
 Adjusted BOE growth of 4 5%⁽²⁾
- Capital return to shareholders commitment: ≥ 60% of Free Cash Flow⁽¹⁾
 Remaining ~40% to be primarily focused on debt reduction
- Estimated uplift from gas sales contract with Cheniere of ~\$200 million⁽²⁾
- \$5 per Bbl WTI / Brent Oil Sensitivity of \$210 million & \$1 per Mcf Henry Hub Gas Sensitivity of \$150 million

Planned Drilling Activity

- Onshore U.S.: Average 5 rigs (2 SMB / 3 Delaware)
- Egypt: Average ~17 rigs
- North Sea: Maintain 1 platform crew / Release Ocean Patriot semi in 2H23
- Suriname: Two Krabdagu appraisal wells / one Block 58 exploration well

Production Trajectory

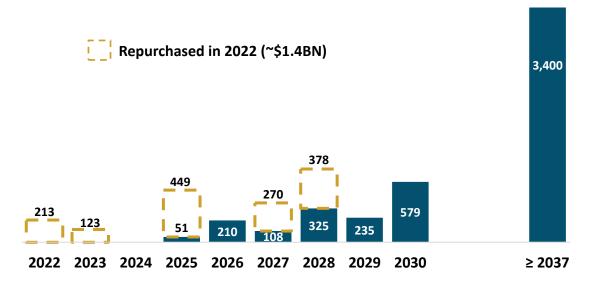
- **Onshore U.S.**: Strong oil growth partially offset by flat/lower gas & NGLs
 - Completion timing driving 1Q decrease & subsequent volume ramp in 2Q-4Q
- Egypt: Steady gross oil production growth offset by gas declines
 - Gross oil production expected to increase 10% from 4Q22 to 4Q23
- North Sea: modest growth over 2022 a result of increased wells online & shorter scheduled maintenance turnaround activity



(2) Assumes 2/13/2023 strip pricing of \$79 WTI / \$84 Brent / \$3.09 Henry Hub.

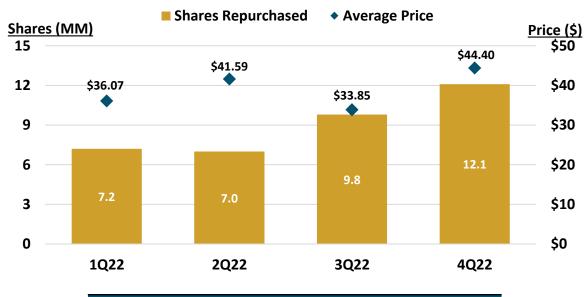
2022 Debt & Share Repurchase Activity

Bond Debt Activity (\$ millions)



	YE 2021	YE 2022
Notes & Debentures ⁽¹⁾	\$6,344MM	\$4 <i>,</i> 908MM
Avg. Coupon	5.075%	5.321%
Avg. Maturity	~14 Years	~16 Years

Share Repurchase Activity (millions)



	FY 2022
Total Shares Repurchased	36.2MM
Avg. Price	\$39.34 per share



(1) Before unamortized discount and debt issuance costs.

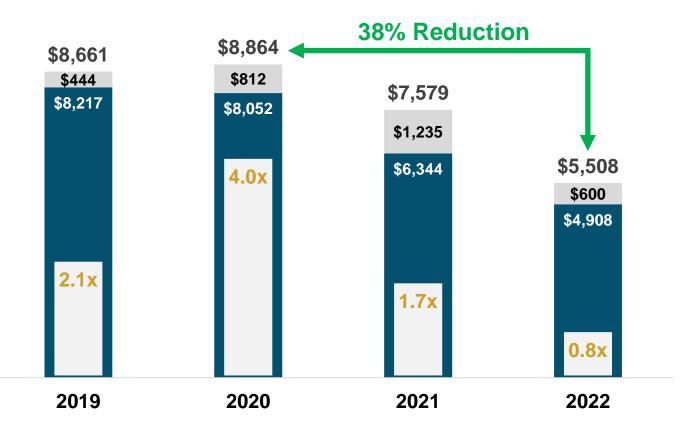
Significantly Improving Financial Position

Committed to Financial Discipline

Material Debt Reductions (\$ millions)

Credit Facilities and Finance Leases⁽¹⁾

Notes and Debentures⁽²⁾



2022 Highlights

• Reduced leverage⁽³⁾ to < 1.0x

- Executed \$1.1BN tender offer for bonds in 1Q22
- Redeemed \$337MM bonds at par
- De-consolidated \$1.4BN of ALTM debt and preferred



(1) Includes legacy Altus Midstream (2019-2021)

(2) Notes and debentures before unamortized discount and debt issuance costs.

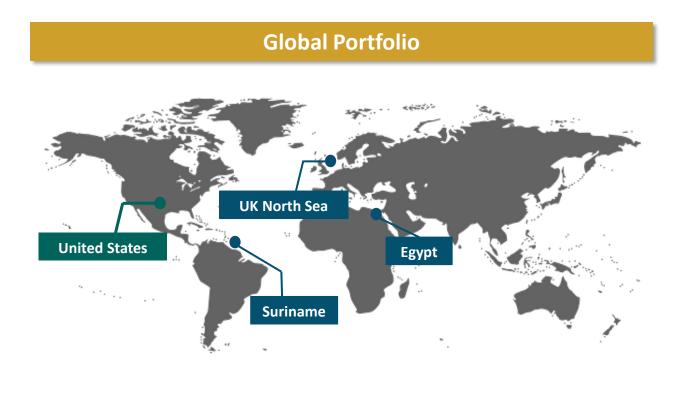
(3) Leverage = [Notes and Debentures + Credit Facilities + Finance Leases] / Adjusted EBITDAX

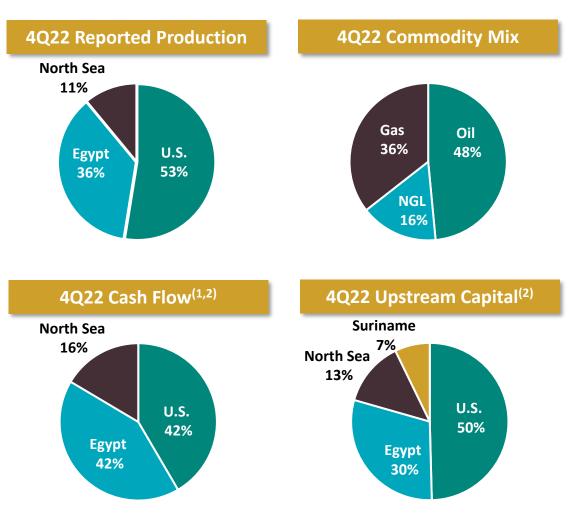
APA Overview

US Egypt North Sea Suriname



APA at a Glance: Diversified and Balanced





(1) Represents cash flow from operations before changes in operating assets & liabilities.

(2) For a reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure please refer to the Non-GAAP Reconciliations.



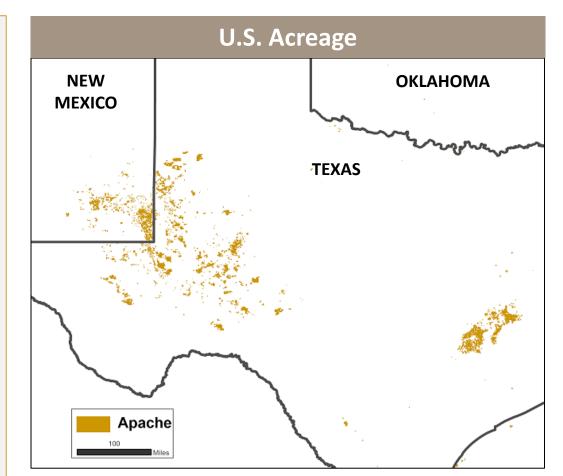
United States

 Underlying base production & new well performance driving strong production across Permian Basin

• Five rig program (2 Midland / 3 Delaware) will continue into 2023

 Well completion timing & ethane rejection drive lower expected production in 1Q23

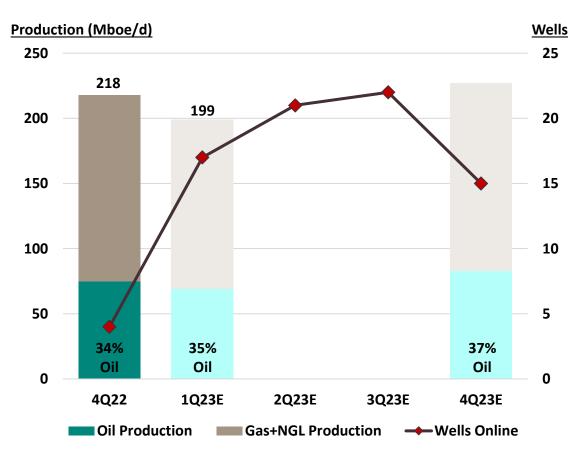
Steady production growth expected for remainder of 2023





2023 U.S. Production Growth Trajectory

U.S. Production & Wells Online Cadence



• Over 10% oil growth expected from 4Q22 to 4Q23

- During 1Q23, anticipate 9% decline in U.S. production due to:
 - Only 4 wells brought online in 4Q22 (3 Austin Chalk / 1 SMB)
 - 90% of 1Q23 wells expected online in 2nd half of the quarter
 - 1Q23 ethane rejection & natural gas curtailment impact of 3 Mboe/d

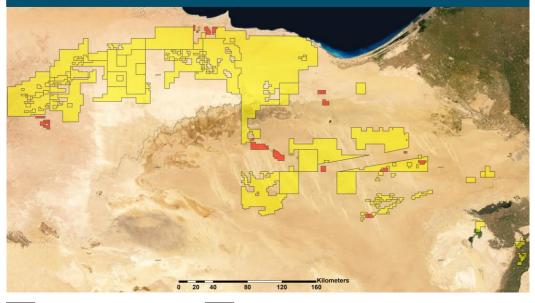
 Higher completion count to drive steady production uptick in 2Q23 – 4Q23





- Country's largest oil producer & onshore acreage holder
- Rig efficiency (wells per rig/yr) improved 18% in 4Q22 vs 1H22 average
- Operating a 17-rig activity level in 2023
- Gross oil production expected to increase 10% from 4Q22 to 4Q23
 - Expect 25-30 well connections per quarter in 2023
 - Gross gas production to decrease throughout year as a result of oil focused drilling campaign & Qasr gas field decline
- Completed additional compression projects in 4Q22; routine upstream flaring reduced by more than 40% for the full year

Apache Egypt Acreage: ~5 million acres



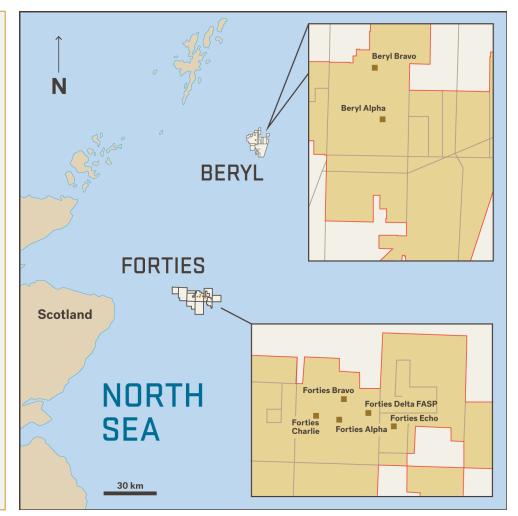
Modernized Concession

Other Concessions



North Sea

- Focused on mitigating base decline & managing costs
- Modest production growth expected in 2023 over 2022 due to increased wells online & shorter scheduled maintenance turnaround activity
 - Improved facilities uptime in 4Q22 at both Beryl and Forties; has continued into 2023
 - Slight production decline expected in 1Q23 due to delayed subsea well connection; 2 subsea wells and 1 platform well expected in 2Q23
- Maintaining 1 platform crew / Release Ocean Patriot semi in 2H23





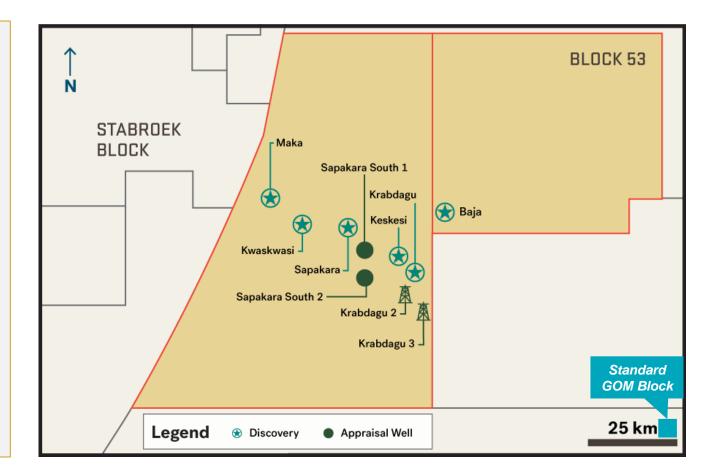
Suriname

Block 58 (APA 50% WI, TTE Operated)

- Announced successful flow test at Sapakara South-2 (SPS-2)
 - Encountered 36 meters (118 ft) of net oil pay
 - Analysis indicates incremental resource to Sapakara South-1 (SPS-1) of > 200 MMBbls of oil in place
 - Total estimated resource at Sapakara now exceeds 600 MMBbls of oil in place
- Currently appraising Krabdagu
 - Krabdagu 2 spud in late December 2022
 - Krabdagu 3 spud in late February

Block 53 (APA 45% WI)

 Announced first exploration discovery at the Baja well in August 2022





APA Investment Case

- Providing diversification across multiple fronts:
 Play Type, Country, Hydrocarbon, Price Point, and Exploration
- Returning a minimum of 60% of free cash flow to shareholders through share repurchases and ordinary dividends
- De-leveraging: reduced APA debt⁽¹⁾ by~\$3.3 billion since 2020
- Investing to deliver sustainable production growth; maintain flexibility to shift capital to highest value opportunities
- Upside catalysts with Suriname appraisal and exploration program; gas sales contract with Cheniere







Appendix



ESG Vision

F		Be at the forefront of industry's efforts to measure, disclose and mitigate emissions
E	WATER	Preserve freshwater resources and leverage technology to maximize water reuse
S	COMMUNITIES	Provide fulfilling and rewarding careers for our employees and create shared value in the communities where we operate
G	GOVERNANCE	Pursue best-in-class governance through continuous monitoring of best practices, regular stakeholder access and engagement, and a commitment to transparent communications



ESG Compensation-Linked Goals

Short-Term Goals

• Safety:

- Severe Incident Rate at or below 0.028
- Increase observation rate & actions by 10%

• Air:

 Convert > 2,000 pneumatic devices to reduce methane emissions in US Onshore

• Water:

 Utilize at least 50% recycled produced water for completions in US Onshore





• Air:

- Deliver projects that eliminate at least 1 million tonnes of CO₂e emissions annually by year-end 2024
- $_{\odot}$ Reduce Scope 1 GHG Intensity by 10-15% by 2030⁽¹⁾

• Biodiversity:

Accelerate reclamation of > 150 P&A sites in US
 Onshore to enhance biodiversity by year-end 2025





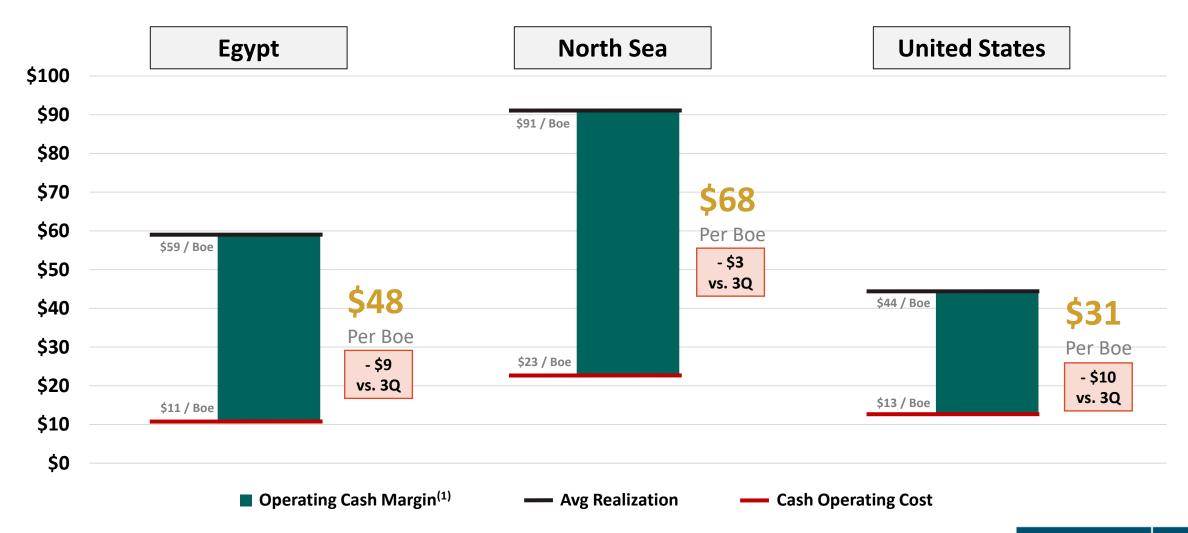
Guidance (Published February 22, 2023)

	1Q 2023	FY 2023	Commentary
Production (Mboe/d)			
United States	199 (35% oil)	217 (36% oil)	Well completion timing & ethane rejection result in 1Q23 production decline
Egypt (Reported)	146 (60% oil)	143 (64% oil)	
North Sea	43 – 45 (80% oil)	44 – 48 (79% oil)	
Total Reported Production	388 - 390	404 - 408	
Less: Egypt Tax Barrels	41	40	
Less: Egypt Noncontrolling Interest	35	34	
Total Adjusted Production	312 - 314	330 - 334	
Total Adjusted Oil Production (Mbo/d)	147	159	
Upstream Capital Investment (\$ in millions) ⁽¹⁾	\$525	\$2,000 - \$2,100	Excludes non-oil & gas capital of ~\$70 million associated with corporate office consolidation, Egypt regional office move, and related IT spend
Upstream Lease Operating Expense (\$ in millions)	\$370	\$1,500	
DD&A (\$ in millions)	\$350	\$1,500	
General & Administrative Expense (\$ in millions)	\$100	\$425	Assumes ~\$47/shr APA stock price mark-to-market (held constant with 4Q22)
Gathering, Processing & Transmission Expense (\$ in millions)	\$90	\$370	
Net Gain (Loss) on Oil and Gas Purchases and Sales (\$ in millions)	\$10	\$60	Updated for basis differentials; excludes cash impact of basis hedges
North Sea Current Tax Expense (\$ in millions)	\$100	\$550 - \$575	Includes increased EPL impact (75% rate)

(1) Refer to glossary of referenced terms for definition of Upstream Capital Investment.



4Q 2022 Operating Cash Margins (Pre-Tax)



(1) Operating cash margins calculated as price realizations less lease operating expenses, gathering, processing, & transmission costs, and taxes other than income. Please note that North Sea margins are calculated using sales volumes, which include the impact of timing of liftings.



Cash Return Summary

	2021	2022	Total
Shares Repurchased (MM)	31.2	36.2	67.4
Average Stock Repurchase Price	\$27.14	\$39.34	\$33.69
Share Repurchases (\$MM)	\$847	\$1,423	\$2,270
Dividends (\$MM)	\$52	\$207	\$259
Total Cash Return (\$MM)	\$899	\$1,630	\$2,529
Free Cash Flow (\$MM)	\$1,823	\$2,458	\$4,281
% Free Cash Flow Returned	49%	66%	59%
Total Bond Debt Reduction (\$MM)	(\$1,708)	(\$1,436)	(\$3,144)

Repurchased \$2.3 Billion of Shares (~18% of Outstanding Shares) & Eliminated \$3.1 Billion in Bond Debt Since YE 2020



Glossary of Referenced Terms



- **Upstream Capital Investment**: Includes exploration, development, gathering, processing, and transmission capital, capitalized overhead, and settled asset retirement obligations. Excludes capital investment for property acquisitions, capitalized interest, non-cash asset retirement additions and revisions, and Egypt noncontrolling interest.
- Free Cash Flow: Cash flow from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities (including Egypt minority interest)
 - Minus:
 - Upstream capital investment (including Egypt minority interest)
 - Distributions to noncontrolling interest (Egypt)
- In addition to the terms above, a list of commonly used definitions and abbreviations can be found in APA Corporation's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.



Non-GAAP Reconciliations



Adjusted EBITDAX

Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Adjusted EBITDAX Management believes EBITDAX, or earnings before income tax expense, interest expense, depreciation, amortization and exploration expense is a widely accepted financial indicator, and useful for investors, to assess a company's ability to incur and service debt, fund capital expenditures, and make distributions to shareholders. We define adjusted EBITDAX, a non-GAAP financial measure, as EBITDAX adjusted for certain items presented in the accompanying reconciliation. Management uses adjusted EBITDAX to evaluate our ability to fund our capital expenditures, debt services and other operational requirements and to compare our results from period to period by eliminating the impact of certain items that management does not consider to be representative of the Company's ongoing operations. Management also believes adjusted EBITDAX facilitates investors and analysts in evaluating and comparing EBITDAX from period to period by eliminating differences caused by the existence and timing of certain operating expenses that would not otherwise be apparent on a GAAP basis. However, our presentation of adjusted EBITDAX may not be comparable to similar measures of other companies in our industry. December 31, 2022 Net cash provided by operating activities Ś 1,413 Adjustments: Exploration expense other than dry hole expense and unproved leasehold impairments 34 Current income tax provision 343 Other adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities (18)Changes in operating assets and liabilities (369)Financing costs, net 76 Transaction, reorganization & separation costs 5 Adjusted EBITDAX (Non-GAAP) 1.484 Ś



For the Year Ended

December 31,

\$

Ś

2021

3,496

58

652

(28)

(37)

410

22

4.573

2022

4,943

98

73

(121)

312

6.838

Ś

26

1.507

(\$ in millions)

For the Quarter Ended

September 30,

2022

1,104

13

357

134

75

4

1.690

3

Ś

Ś

December 31,

2021

1,085

16

189

(34)

(95)

92

14

1.267

\$

Ś

Cash Flow Before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities and Free Cash Flow



Cash flows from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities and free cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures. APA uses these measures internally and provides this information because management believes it is useful in evaluating the company's ability to generate cash to internally fund exploration and development activities, fund dividend programs, and service debt, as well as to compare our results from period to period. We believe these measures are also used by research analysts and investors to value and compare oil and gas exploration and production companies and are frequently included in published research reports when providing investment recommendations. Cash flows from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities and free cash flow are additional measures of liquidity but are not measures of financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to cash flows from operating, investing, or financing activities. Additionally, this presentation of free cash flow may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies in our industry.

					(\$ in millions)	For the Year End December 31, 2022 2 \$ 4,943 \$ (121) \$ 4,822 \$ (2,002)			
	I	For the Qua	arter E	nded					ded
		Decem	ber 31	,	Dec				1,
	:	2022		2021			2022		2021
let cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,413	\$	1,085		\$	4,943	\$	3,496
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(369)		(95)			(121)		(37)
ash flows from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities	\$	1,044	\$	990		\$	4,822	\$	3,459
ljustments to free cash flow:									
Altus Midstream cash flows from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities		-		(63)			-		(211)
Upstream capital investment including noncontrolling interest - Egypt		(559)		(385)			(2,002)		(1,221)
Distributions to Sinopec noncontrolling interest		(125)		(76)			(362)		(279)
pstream free cash flow	\$	360	\$	466		\$	2,458	\$	1,748
Cash dividends received from Altus Midstream		-		19			-		75
ree cash flow	Ś	360	Ś	485		Ś	2,458	Ś	1,823



Segment Cash Flows



Cash flows from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities is a non-GAAP financial measure. APA uses it internally and provides the information because management believes it is useful for investors and widely accepted by those following the oil and gas industry as a financial indicator of a company's ability to generate cash to internally fund exploration and development activities, fund dividend programs, and service debt. It is also used by research analysts to value and compare oil and gas exploration and production companies and is frequently included in published research when providing investment recommendations. Cash flows from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities, therefore, is an additional measure of liquidity but is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to cash flows from operating, investing, or financing activities.

				For the	Quarter					
	Ended December 31, 2022									
	North Sea		E	gypt	U.S. a	nd Other	Cons	solidated		
				(\$ in m	illions)					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	114	\$	581	\$	718	\$	1,413		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities Cash flows from operations before changes in		58		(143)		(284)		(369)		
operating assets and liabilities	\$	172	\$	438	\$	434	\$	1,044		

				For th	e Year			
			E	Ended Dece	mber 31	, 2022		
	North Sea			Egypt		and Other	Con	solidated
				(\$ in n	nillions)			
provided by operating activities	\$	714	\$	1,759	\$	2,470	\$	4,943
in operating assets and liabilities		(61)		103		(163)		(121)
ws from operations before changes in								
rating assets and liabilities	\$	653	\$	1,862	\$	2,307	\$	4,822

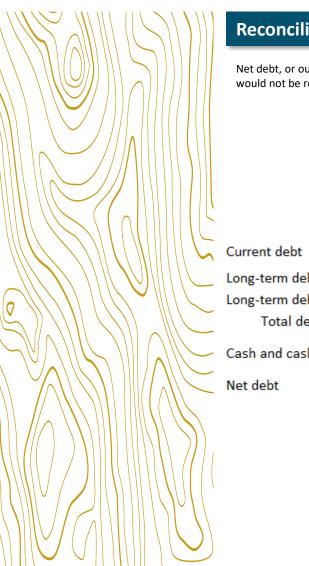
A	PA
Corp	oration

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Net cash p Changes Cash flow opera

Net Debt



Reconciliation of Debt to Net Debt

Net debt, or outstanding debt obligations less cash and cash equivalents, is a non-GAAP financial measure. Management uses net debt as a measure of the Company's outstanding debt obligations that would not be readily satisfied by its cash and cash equivalents on hand. The Altus Midstream LP credit facility is unsecured and is not guaranteed by APA or any of APA's other subsidiaries.

						(21									
			Decembe	r 31, 2022	2		December 31, 2021								
	APA		Al	Altus		APA	APA		Α	ltus	APA				
	Up	stream	Midst	tream	Conse	olidated	Ups	tream	Mid	stream	Cons	olidated			
rent debt	\$	2	\$	-	\$	2	\$	215	\$	-	\$	215			
g-term debt		5,451		-		5,451		6,638		-		6,638			
g-term debt - Altus		-		-		-		-		657		657			
Total debt		5,453		-		5,453		<mark>6,8</mark> 53		657		7,510			
h and cash equivalents		245		-		245		170		132		302			
debt	\$	5,208	\$	-	\$	5,208	\$	6,683	\$	525	\$	7,208			

(\$ in millions)



Upstream Capital Investment

Reconciliation of Costs Incurred to Upstream Capital Investment

Management believes the presentation of upstream capital investments is useful for investors to assess APA's expenditures related to our upstream capital activity. We define capital investments as costs incurred for oil and gas activities, adjusted to exclude property acquisitions, asset retirement obligation revisions and liabilities incurred, capitalized interest, and certain exploration expenses, while including amounts paid during the period for abandonment and decommissioning expenditures. Upstream capital expenditures attributable to a one-third noncontrolling interest in Egypt are also excluded. Management believes this provides a more accurate reflection of APA's cash expenditures related to upstream capital activity and is consistent with how we plan our capital budget.

		For the Quarter Ended				(\$ in millions)					
								e Year Ended			
			Decem				Decen				
		2(022	2	021			2022	;	2021	
<u></u> Co	osts incurred in oil and gas property:										
	Asset and leasehold acquisitions										
	Proved	\$	16	\$	(160)		\$	599	\$	(157)	
	Unproved		15		23			66		29	
-	Exploration and development		441		529			1,904		1,387	
То	otal Costs incurred in oil and gas property	\$	472	\$	392		\$	2,569	\$	1,259	
- Re	econciliation of Costs incurred to Upstream capital investment:										
_	Total Costs incurred in oil and gas property	\$	472	\$	392		\$	2,569	\$	1,259	
_	Property acquisitions		(24)		-			(625)		-	
	Asset retirement obligations settled vs. incurred - oil and gas property		150		(133)			174		(116)	
	Egypt PSC modernization impact		-		145			-		145	
	Capitalized interest		(5)		(3)			(18)		(9)	
	Exploration seismic and administration costs		(34)		(16)			(98)		(58)	
U	ostream capital investment including noncontrolling interest - Egypt	\$	559	\$	385		\$	2,002	\$	1,221	
	Less noncontrolling interest - Egypt		(73)		(51)			(235)		(159)	
То	otal Upstream capital investment	\$	486	\$	334		\$	1,767	\$	1,062	

